

HIGHER EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT IN SRI LANKA

BY

**DR. HARSHA ATURUPANE
LEAD EDUCATION SPECIALIST
THE WORLD BANK**

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THE HIGHER EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAM

EXPANDING HIGHER EDUCATION ACCESS

PUBLIC UNIVERSITY SYSTEM INCREASED (GER IN PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES INCREASED FROM 2% TO 5%)

ALTERNATIVE HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS WITH JOB- ORIENTED COURSES ESTABLISHED AND EXPANDED

PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM ALLOWED TO GROW

INCREASING CROSS BORDER PROVIDERS

THE HIGHER EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAM THE RECENT PAST

ESTABLISHMENT OF A QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM FOR PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES

NEW PUBLIC HEI'S FOCUS ON JOB-ORIENTED STUDY PROGRAMS

INTRODUCTION OF A COMPETITIVE FUND TO ENHANCE THE QUALITY OF DEGREE PROGRAMS (OUTCOME: EMPLOYABILITY OF GRADUATES FROM THESE COURSES HAS IMPROVED DRAMATICALLY)

PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES ALLOWED TO RETAIN FUNDS RAISED THROUGH RESEARCH, CONSULTANCY AND OTHER ACADEMIC SERVICES

THE HIGHER EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAM

THE PRESENT

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL QUALIFICATION FRAMEWORK

EXPANDING QUALITY ASSURANCE TO COVER BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS

ACCREDITATION OF PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION PROVIDERS

CURRICULUM REFORMS TO IMPROVE HUMAN CAPITAL (SOFT SKILLS, ENGLISH LANGUAGE SKILLS, ICT SKILLS) OF STUDENTS (ESPECIALLY ARTS AND MANAGEMENT STUDENTS)

INTRODUCTION OF COMPETITIVELY FUNDED QUALITY AND INNOVATION GRANTS

DEVELOPMENT OF THE ALTERNATIVE HIGHER EDUCATION SECTOR